



STATUTORY DECLARATION

NEW SOUTH WALES
Classic Vehicle Scheme Registration

I,
(full name)

of
(full residential address)

Member Number: and a financial member of BMW Drivers Club of NSW in advance of the vehicle's registration expiry date, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the vehicle registered in my name being:

Make: Model: Year of Manufacture:

Registration Number: Registration Expiry Date: / /

VIN: Engine Number:

is registered or to be registered under the New South Wales Transport for NSW's Classic Vehicle Scheme (CVS).

I have conferred with the Transport for NSW Document: VSI-6 and attest that the vehicle as detailed above, at a minimum, complies with the provisions for modifications that do not require certification, or where any modifications have been made to this vehicle which require certification, they have been certified by a Transport for NSW licensed and approved engineer, and that the modifications fully comply with the technical provisions of Transport for NSW.

AND I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the *Oaths Act 1900*.

Declared at:
.....
(Signature of Declarant)

On this day of20____

Signature of Authorised Witness:

Full Name of Witness:

Contact details of Witness:
(email or Mobile Phone)

Address of Witness:
.....

Authority of Witness:
*see notes as to who can witness

s25 False Declaration - any person who willfully and corruptly makes and subscribes any such declaration, knowing the same to be untrue in any material particular, shall be guilty of an indictable offence and liable to imprisonment for 5 years.

s25 False Declaration for material benefit - any person who willfully and corruptly makes and subscribes any such declaration, knowing the same to be untrue in any material particular, and who derives or attempts to derive a material benefit as a consequence of the untrue particular is guilty of an offence and is liable on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 7 years

NOTES ON USE

1. **Signing your Statutory Declaration Form**

Your Statutory Declaration must be signed in the presence of a **qualified** witness.

Make sure that the person who witnesses your Statutory Declaration is qualified to be a witness.

A Justice of the Peace is an acceptable witness for a Statutory Declaration in any State or Territory of Australia in which he/she is registered to act as a Justice of the Peace.

Other people who are qualified to witness a Statutory Declaration - the Registrar-General, a Deputy Registrar-General or any justice of the peace, notary public, commissioner of the court for taking affidavits, Australian legal practitioner authorised by section 27(1) to take and receive any affidavit, or other person by law authorised to administer an oath.

2. **What is a Statutory Declaration?**

It is a written statement of facts which the person making it (this person is called the *declarant*) signs and declares to be true.

*The person who fills out this Statutory Declaration form and signs it is therefore called the **declarant***

What is a Statutory Declaration Used for?

It is used as formal evidence of certain facts dealing with government departments and in some commercial dealings *eg a declaration concerning loss of property under an insurance claim or as written evidence of loss of a share certificate.*

What are the consequences of making a false or dishonest Statutory Declaration?

As a Statutory Declaration is a document - the contents of which are required by legislation to be declared honestly - there can be serious consequences and/or penalties for at law for anybody who knowingly makes false or dishonest statements on a Statutory Declaration form.

The person qualified to witness a Statutory Declaration should be familiar with the consequences and/or penalties in their respective State/Territory.

3. **Hints for Filling Out your Statutory Declaration**

Write clearly and legibly as your statement must be "readable".

It can be typewritten or written out by a person other than the declarant, but it must be signed by the declarant.

4. **In Writing your Statement**

Sometimes a Statutory Declaration must be completed by more than one person. (e.g. joint ownership of vehicle)

Whilst it is quite possible (and legal) in certain States/Territories for a joint Statutory Declaration to be made and signed by two or more people, it is recommended that each person complete his/her own separate Statutory Declaration even though the statements of the facts by each person may be identical.

5. *** Who can witness your Statutory Declaration in NSW?**

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• architect• chiropractor• dentist• financial adviser or financial planner• legal practitioner, with or without a practicing certificate• medical practitioner• midwife• migration agent registered under Division 3 of Part 3 of the <i>Migration Act 1958</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• nurse• occupational therapist• optometrist• patent attorney• pharmacist• physiotherapist• psychologist• trade-marks attorney• veterinary surgeon
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